FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-7
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	8
Statement of Activities	9
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	10
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Position of Governmental Activities	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	13 14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Proprietary Fund	15
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	16
Notes to the Financial Statements	17-28
Required Supplemental Information:	
Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual – General Fund	29
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	30
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	31-32
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with the Requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Required by Rule 10.556 (10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida	33
Auditor's Management Letter Required by Chapter 10.550, Florida Statutes	34-36



DIBARTOLOMEO, McBEE, HARTLEY & BARNES, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Tradition Community Development District 1 Port St. Lucie, Florida

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Tradition Community Development District 1, ("District") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and

comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2024, on our consideration of the Tradition Community Development District 1's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

We have also issued our report dated June 21, 2024 on our consideration of the District's compliance with requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, as required by Rule 10.556(10) of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. The purpose of that report is to provide an opinion based on our examination conducted in accordance with attestation Standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

DiBartolomeo, MiBee, Hartly: Barres

DiBartolomeo, McBee, Hartley & Barnes, P.A.

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 21, 2024

TRADITION COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT 1 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Tradition Community Development District 1 (the "District") discussion and analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the District's financial activity and financial statements, (c) identify changes in the District's financial position, (d) identify any material deviations from the District's budget, and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Auditor's Report (beginning on page 1) and the District's financial statements (beginning on page 8.)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Revenues exceeded expenses by \$1,367,407 in the governmental funds, general fund increased \$1,051,843.
- Net position increased \$2,471,518, included in the increase is the recording of depreciation in the amount of \$1,576,257.
- Total costs of all programs were \$5,189,956 in 2023 compared to \$5,624,987 in 2022.
- The District expended \$3,842,234 towards debt service for governmental activities.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities (pages 8 & 9) provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. Fund Financial Statements begin on page 10. For governmental activities, these Statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund Financial Statements also report the District's operations in more detail by providing information about the District's most significant funds.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Our analysis of the District as a whole begins on page 8. One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These Statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used in most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two Statements report the District's net position and changes in them. You can think of the District's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, *increases* or *decreases* in the District's net assets, is one indicator of whether its *financial* health is improving or deteriorating.

Tradition Community Development District 1 Statement of Net Position

	GOVERNMENT.	VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		ΓAL
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current assets	\$ 9,175,310	\$ 7,328,925	\$ 2,379,212	\$ 2,012,214	\$11,554,522	\$ 9,341,139
Non-current assets	1,047,908	1,114,177	-	-	1,047,908	1,114,177
Capital assets	33,723,262	34,983,611	4,199,983	4,334,492	37,923,245	39,318,103
Total Assets	43,946,480	43,426,713	6,579,195	6,346,706	50,525,675	49,773,419
Deferred outflows of resources	92,068	105,733	-	-	92,068	105,733
Current liabilities	4,248,394	3,699,268	653,048	373,626	4,901,442	4,072,894
Long-term liabilities	32,929,844	35,324,636	5,425,419	5,592,103	38,355,263	40,916,739
Total Liabilities	37,178,238	39,023,904	6,078,467	5,965,729	43,256,705	44,989,633
Net assets						
Net investment in capital assets	(1,386,738)	(2,406,389)	(1,392,120)	(1,419,295)	(2,778,858)	(3,825,684)
Restricted for debt service/						
Capital projects	6,065,902	5,784,628	543,036	519,007	6,608,938	6,303,635
Unrestricted	2,181,146	1,130,303	1,349,812	1,281,265	3,530,958	2,411,568
Total Net Assets	\$ 6,860,310	\$ 4,508,542	\$ 500,728	\$ 380,977	\$ 7,361,038	\$ 4,889,519

The District assets are made up of primarily capital assets of \$37,923,245 and liabilities are mainly long-term debt in the amount of \$38,355,263.

Governmental Activities

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has one activity. The changes in net position of governmental activities and business-type activities were \$2,338,417, as reflected below.

Tradition Community Development District 1 Changes in Net Position

	GOVERNMENT	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES BU		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		ΓAL
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Program Revenues	\$ 5,681,312	\$ 6,098,999	\$ 1,927,309	\$ 1,942,741	\$ 7,608,621	\$ 8,041,740
General Revenues						
Investment earnings	191,969	6,131	76,183	7,959	268,152	14,090
Other income	220,923	101,086	-	-	220,923	101,086
Equity transfer	(436,222)	(569,323)			(436,222)	(569,323)
Total Revenues	5,657,982	5,636,893	2,003,492	1,950,700	7,661,474	7,587,593
Expenses						
General government	337,084	681,014	1,637,816	1,637,779	1,974,900	2,318,793
Physical environment	1,441,748	1,441,748	-	-	1,441,748	1,441,748
Interest on long-term debt	1,527,383	1,613,721	245,925	250,725	1,773,308	1,864,446
Total Expenses	3,306,215	3,736,483	1,883,741	1,888,504	5,189,956	5,624,987
Change in Net Assets	2,351,767	1,900,410	119,751	62,196	2,471,518	1,962,606
Net assets - beginning of year	4,508,543	2,608,132	380,977	318,781	4,889,520	2,926,913
Net assets - end of year	\$ 6,860,310	\$ 4,508,542	\$ 500,728	\$ 380,977	\$ 7,361,038	\$ 4,889,519

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental funds – all of the District's services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

Governmental Type Funds

As of year-end, the governmental funds (as presented on page 10) reported a combined fund balance of \$7,876,925 compared to the beginning of the year \$6,509,518. Several of the governmental fund expenditures are capital expenditure related and, therefore, may reflect capital expenditures (which are reflected in the current financial resource-based Fund Financial Statements) as a spending of a portion of available net assets or an increase in net assets from unspent net position. The General Fund experienced a net increase of \$1,051,843.

Proprietary Fund

The District maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is used to report the same function presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses an enterprise fund to account for the operations of the irrigation system within the District.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

During the fiscal year 2022-2023 the District continues to maintain infrastructure projects to support the Tradition master planned community. As of September 30, 2023, the District had \$33,723,262 invested in land, infrastructure and construction in progress. The District's business-type activities reported net capital assets of \$4,199,983.

Debt

At September 30, 2023, the District had \$35,264,844 Bonds outstanding for its governmental activities and \$5,592,103 Bonds and note payable outstanding for its business-type activities. The District's debt represents bonds secured by a special revenue source. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS, NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND OTHER INFORMATION

For the fiscal year 2024, the District anticipates that the cost of general operations will remain fairly constant. In connection with the District's future infrastructure maintenance and replacement plan, the District Board has included in the budget, an estimate of those anticipated future costs and has assigned a portion of current available resources for that purpose. For the irrigation system, it is anticipated that any future growth would come from commercial and residential development.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens and members with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the District Finance Department at 2501A Burns Road, Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33410.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2023

	GOVERNMENTAL E ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	2,026,826	\$	1,504,138	\$ 3,530,964
Accounts receivable, net		1,424,470		191,080	1,615,550
Assessments receivable		28,846		-	28,846
Due from other funds		1,000		17,900	18,900
Deposits		200		95	295
Restricted					
Investments		5,693,968		665,999	6,359,967
Prepaid bond insurance (net of amortization)		1,047,908		-	1,047,908
Capital assets		14027040		2 (10 000	10 457 740
Depreciable		14,837,940		3,619,800	18,457,740
Non-depreciable		18,885,322		580,183	 19,465,505
TOTAL ASSETS		43,946,480		6,579,195	 50,525,675
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding (net of amortization)		92,068		-	92,068
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		92,068			 92,068
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	696,077	\$	352,011	\$ 1,048,088
Accrued interest payable		615,009		122,963	737,972
Due to other funds		17,900		-	17,900
Unearned revenue		-		10,000	10,000
Deposits		584,408		1,390	585,798
Non-current liabilities					
Due with one year		2,335,000		166,684	2,501,684
Due in more than one year		32,929,844		5,425,419	38,355,263
TOTAL LIABILITIES		37,178,238		6,078,467	43,256,705
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		(1,386,738)		(1,392,120)	(2,778,858)
Restricted for debt service/capital projects		6,065,902		543,036	6,608,938
Unrestricted		2,181,146		1,349,812	3,530,958
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	6,860,310	\$	500,728	\$ 7,361,038

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended September 30, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Program Revenues Charges for Operating Governmental Business-Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Activities Type Activities Total Governmental Activities General government 337,084 337,084 \$ \$ 2,375,097 Maintenance & operations 1,441,748 2,435,165 1,381,680 2,375,097 Interest on long-term debt 1,527,383 1,527,383 3,306,215 4,299,632 1,381,680 2,375,097 2,375,097 Total Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Irrigation expenses 1,637,816 1,927,309 289,493 289,493 245,925 (245,925)(245,925) Interest on long-term debt 1,883,741 1,927,309 43,568 Total Business-Type Activities 43,568 General Revenues: 191,969 76,183 268,152 Investment earnings Other Income 220,923 220,923 Equity transfer (436,222) (436,222) (23,330) 76,183 52,853 Total General Revenues Change in Net Position 2,351,767 119,751 2,471,518 Net Position - October 1, 2022 4,508,543 380,977 4,889,520 Net Position - September 30, 2023 6,860,310 500,728 7,361,038

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2023

	MAJOR		TOTAL	
	GENERAL			ERNMENTAL
	FUND	FUND PROJECTS		CTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash	\$ 2,026,826	\$ -	\$	2,026,826
Accounts receivable	1,424,470	-		1,424,470
Assessments receivable	10,135	18,711		28,846
Due from other funds	1,000	475,130		476,130
Deposits	200	-		200
Restricted				
Investments		5,693,968		5,693,968
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 3,462,631	\$ 6,187,809	\$	9,650,440
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$ 696,077 396,052	\$ - 96,978	\$	696,077 493,030
Deposits	584,408			584,408
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,676,537	96,978		1,773,515
FUND EQUITY				
Nonspendable				
Deposits	200	-		200
Assigned				
Maintenance reserves	97,700	-		97,700
Restricted				
Debt service	-	3,221,462		3,221,462
Capital projects	-	1,534,119		1,534,119
Unassigned	1,688,194	1,335,250		3,023,444
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	1,786,094	6,090,831		7,876,925
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	\$ 3,462,631	\$ 6,187,809	\$	9,650,440

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2023

Amount reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital asset used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Governmental capital assets	69,700,662
Less accumulated depreciation	(35,977,400)
Deferred charges on refunding of long-term debt are shown as	
deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial	
statements: however, this amount is not reported in the governmental	
financial statements.	92,068

Governmental funds record bond insurance costs as expenditures when these costs are first incurred. Prepaid bond insurance is amortized over the term of the refunding bonds in the government-wide financial statements.

1,047,908

7,876,925

Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:

Total Governmental Fund Balances in the Balance Sheet

Accrued interest payable (615,009)
Governmental bonds payable (35,264,844)

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 6,860,310

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended September 30, 2023

REVENUE GENERAL FUND CAPITAL PROJECTS GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Stormwater fees \$ 13,395 \$ - \$ 13,395 On-roll assessments 309,660 3,976,577 4,286,237 Developer contributions 1,381,680 - 1,381,680 Other income 220,923 - 220,923 Interest income 10,748 181,221 191,969 TOTAL REVENUES 1,936,406 4,157,798 6,094,204 EXPENDITURES 266,942 - 266,942 Capital outlay 181,399 - 181,399 Debt service: Principal - 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 2,280,000 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 2,280,000 2,280,000 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OVER EXPENDITURES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (4		MAJOR FUNDS				TOTAL		
REVENUE Stormwater fees \$ 13,395 \$ - \$ 13,395 On-roll assessments 309,660 3,976,577 4,286,237 Developer contributions 1,381,680 - 1,381,680 Other income 220,923 - 220,923 Interest income 10,748 181,221 191,969 TOTAL REVENUES 1,364,06 4,157,798 6,094,204 EXPENDITURES 6 - 266,942 - 266,942 Capital outlay 181,399 - 181,399 - 181,399 Debt service: Principal - 2,280,000 2,280,000 181,399 - 181,399 - 181,399 - 181,399 - 181,399 - 181,399 - 181,399 - 181,399 - 181,399 - 1,562,234 1,562,234 1,562,234 1,562,234 1,562,234 1,562,234 1,562,234 1,562,234 1,562,234 1,803,629 - 448,341 3,842,234 2,290,575 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>								
Stormwater fees \$ 13,395 \$ - \$ 13,395 On-roll assessments 309,660 3,976,577 4,286,237 Developer contributions 1,381,680 - 1,381,680 Other income 220,923 - 220,923 Interest income 10,748 181,221 191,969 TOTAL REVENUES 1,936,406 4,157,798 6,094,204 EXPENDITURES 266,942 - 266,942 Capital outlay 181,399 - 181,399 Debt service: - 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 1,562,234 1,562,234 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 448,341 3,842,234 4,290,575 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (436,222) <th></th> <th colspan="2">FUND</th> <th colspan="2">PROJECTS</th> <th>A</th> <th>CTIVITIES</th>		FUND		PROJECTS		A	CTIVITIES	
On-roll assessments 309,660 3,976,577 4,286,237 Developer contributions 1,381,680 - 1,381,680 Other income 220,923 - 220,923 Interest income 10,748 181,221 191,969 TOTAL REVENUES 1,936,406 4,157,798 6,094,204 EXPENDITURES 6 - 266,942 - 266,942 Capital outlay 181,399 - 181,399 Debt service: - 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 1,562,234 1,562,234 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 448,341 3,842,234 4,290,575 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): 4(36,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS	REVENUE							
Developer contributions 1,381,680 - 1,381,680 Other income 220,923 - 220,923 Interest income 10,748 181,221 191,969 TOTAL REVENUES 1,936,406 4,157,798 6,094,204 EXPENDITURES 8 - 266,942 - 266,942 Capital outlay 181,399 - 181,399 - 181,399 Debt service: Principal - 2,280,000 2,280,000 2,280,000 1,562,234<	Stormwater fees	\$	13,395	\$	-	\$	13,395	
Other income 220,923 - 220,923 Interest income 10,748 181,221 191,969 TOTAL REVENUES 1,936,406 4,157,798 6,094,204 EXPENDITURES General government 266,942 - 266,942 Capital outlay 181,399 - 181,399 Debt service: - 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 1,562,234 1,562,234 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 448,341 3,842,234 4,290,575 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): - (436,222) - (436,222) Equity transfer (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES - (436,222)	On-roll assessments		309,660	3	,976,577		4,286,237	
Interest income 10,748 181,221 191,969 TOTAL REVENUES 1,936,406 4,157,798 6,094,204 EXPENDITURES Ceneral government 266,942 - 266,942 Capital outlay 181,399 - 181,399 Debt service: Principal - 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 1,562,234 1,562,234 1,562,234 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 448,341 3,842,234 4,290,575 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): 4(436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	Developer contributions		1,381,680		-		1,381,680	
TOTAL REVENUES 1,936,406 4,157,798 6,094,204 EXPENDITURES General government 266,942 - 266,942 Capital outlay 181,399 - 181,399 Debt service: Principal - 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 1,562,234 1,562,234 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 448,341 3,842,234 4,290,575 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): 2 - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	Other income		220,923		-		220,923	
EXPENDITURES General government 266,942 - 266,942 Capital outlay 181,399 - 181,399 Debt service: Principal - 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 1,562,234 1,562,234 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 448,341 3,842,234 4,290,575 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): Equity transfer (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	Interest income		10,748		181,221		191,969	
General government 266,942 - 266,942 Capital outlay 181,399 - 181,399 Debt service: Principal - 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 1,562,234 1,562,234 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 448,341 3,842,234 4,290,575 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): Equity transfer (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	TOTAL REVENUES		1,936,406	4	,157,798		6,094,204	
Capital outlay 181,399 - 181,399 Debt service: Principal - 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 1,562,234 1,562,234 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 448,341 3,842,234 4,290,575 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): 436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (436,222) - (436,222) OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	EXPENDITURES							
Debt service: Principal - 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 1,562,234 1,562,234 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 448,341 3,842,234 4,290,575 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): 436,222 - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	General government		266,942		-		266,942	
Principal Interest - 2,280,000 2,280,000 Interest - 1,562,234 1,562,234 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 448,341 3,842,234 4,290,575 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	Capital outlay		181,399		-		181,399	
Interest	Debt service:							
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 448,341 3,842,234 4,290,575 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): Equity transfer (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	Principal		-	2	,280,000		2,280,000	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 0VER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	Interest			1	,562,234		1,562,234	
OVER EXPENDITURES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 0VER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		448,341	3	,842,234		4,290,575	
OVER EXPENDITURES 1,488,065 315,564 1,803,629 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES): (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 0VER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
Equity transfer (436,222) - (436,222) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 0VER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518			1,488,065		315,564		1,803,629	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) (436,222) - (436,222) EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 0VER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES):							
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518			(436,222)		_		(436,222)	
OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES 1,051,843 315,564 1,367,407 FUND BALANCE Beginning of year 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES)		(436,222)		-		(436,222)	
FUND BALANCE 734,251 5,775,267 6,509,518	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
Beginning of year <u>734,251</u> <u>5,775,267</u> <u>6,509,518</u>	OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		1,051,843		315,564		1,367,407	
	FUND BALANCE							
	Beginning of year		734,251	5	,775,267_		6,509,518	
1,700,07 4 \$ 0,070,031 \$ 7,070,925	End of year	\$	1,786,094	\$ 6	,090,831	\$	7,876,925	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended September 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,367,407
Amount reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the	
statement of net assets.	2,280,000
Current year provision for depreciation	(1,441,748)
Capital outlay	181,399
Certain items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported expenditures in the governmental funds:	
Change in accrued interest payable	34,851
Provision for amortization of bond premium	9,792
Provision for amortization of deferred charges	(13,665)
Provision for amortization of bond insurance	(66,269)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,351,767

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – ENTERPRISE FUND September 30, 2023

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUND		
<u>ASSETS</u>			
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash	\$	1,504,138	
Accounts receivable, net		191,080	
Due from other funds		17,900	
Deposits Restricted		95	
Investments		665,999	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		2,379,212	
NONCURRENT ASSETS			
Capital assets			
Land		580,183	
Equipment & furniture		544,458	
Infrastructure		2,220,365	
Plant		1,705,146	
		5,050,152	
Less accumulated depreciation		850,169	
Total capital assets (net of depreciation)		4,199,983	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		4,199,983	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	6,579,195	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	352,011	
Accrued interest payable		122,963	
Deposits		1,390	
Unearned revenue		10,000	
Current portion long term liabilities		166,684	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		653,048	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		5 425 410	
Long-term liabilities TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		5,425,419	
		5,425,419	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,078,467	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		(1,392,120)	
Restricted for debt service		543,036	
Unrestricted		1,349,812	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	500,728	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended September 30, 2023

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
	EN	NTERPRISE FUND	
OPERATING REVENUES	Ф	1 027 200	
Irrigation services TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$	1,927,309 1,927,309	
TOTAL OF ERATING REVENUES		1,927,309	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
General & administrative		1,503,307	
Depreciation		134,509	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,637,816	
OPERATING INCOME		289,493	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Interest income		76,183	
Interest expense		(245,925)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(169,742)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		119,751	
NET POSITION			
Beginning of year		380,977	
End of year	\$	500,728	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – ENTERPRISE FUND Year Ended September 30, 2023

	A	SINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES NTERPRISE
		FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers & users	\$	1,964,283
Payments for goods & services		(1,226,493)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		737,790
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal paid on capital debt		(161,684)
Interest paid on capital debt		(248,317)
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(410,001)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investments		(21,629)
Interest income		76,183
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		54,554
NET INCREASE IN CASH		382,343
CASH		
Beginning of Year		1,121,795
End of Year	\$	1,504,138
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET		
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income	\$	289,493
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	•	,
cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation		134,509
(Increase) Decrease in:		
Accounts receivable		36,974
Increase (Decrease) in:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		276,814
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	737,790

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Tradition Community Development District 1 (the "District") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The District was formerly known as Westchester Community Development District 1 and lawfully changed its name to Tradition Community Development District 1 effective August 14, 2006. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity

The District is an independent unit of special-purpose local government of the State of Florida created by law and established in accordance with the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, as amended by ordinance of St. Lucie County, Florida, effective on August 21, 2001 as amended. The Act provides for a five member Board of Supervisors to serve as the governing body of the District. The District has no component units. Its purpose is to manage and finance basic community development systems, facilities and services, including capital infrastructure.

Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-wide Financial Statements</u> - Government-wide financial statements, including the statement of net assets and statement of activities, present information about the District as a whole. These statements include the non-fiduciary financial activity of the primary government and its component units.

Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are thereby clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

The effects of inter-fund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (continued)

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District in the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is reported in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and reported in a single column. Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements differs from the focus of government-wide financial statements, the reconciliation is presented with each of the governmental fund financial statements.

Major Governmental Fund Types

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenue and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to another fund are accounted for in this fund. The general operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the general fund.

Capital Project Fund - Capital project funds are established to provide common infrastructure to support the master planned community.

Major Proprietary Fund Types

Irrigation Fund - The irrigation fund accounts for the irrigation operations of the District that are financed and supported primarily by user charges.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses of the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Assessments

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments on benefited lands within the District. Assessments are levied to pay for the operations and maintenance of the District. The fiscal year for which annual assessments are levied begins on October 1 with discounts available for payments through February 28 and become delinquent on April 1. The District's annual assessments for operations are billed and collected by the County Tax Collector. The amounts remitted to the District are net of applicable discounts or fees and include interest on monies held from the day of collection to the day of distribution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Irrigation Fees</u>

Irrigation fees received are available for the payment of debt service on the District's bonds and for costs associated with the operation and maintenance of existing system. These fees are included in restricted investments on the Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position until spent for the designated purpose.

Receivables and Payables

Accounts receivable and revenues for the enterprise fund are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. For irrigation system accounts receivable, there was no allowance recorded as of September 30, 2023.

Equity Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report non spendable and restricted fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Assignments of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. Under GASB 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, fund balances are required to be reported according to the following classifications:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance – Amounts that are (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by (a) external resource providers such as creditors (by debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action (resolution) that imposed the constraint originally. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity Classifications (continued)

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> – Includes spendable fund balance amounts established by the Board of Supervisors that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

The District first uses committed fund balance, followed by assigned fund balance and then unassigned fund balance when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with a financial institution classified as a "Qualified Public Depository," which is a state insurance pool for banks and other financial institutions. The pool requires each bank to render as collateral a percentage of all state and local monies on deposit. Upon default of a particular financial institution within the pool, the pooled collateral is used to reinstate the state and local government deposits. This pool is additional insurance above the federal depository insurance. The District has cash deposits only with qualifying institutions as of September 30, 2023.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits (interest and non-interest bearing).

The District has elected to proceed under the Alternative Investment Guidelines as set forth in Section 218.415 (17) Florida Statutes. The District may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deposits and Investments (continued)

Securities listed in paragraph c and d shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. In addition, surplus funds may be deposited into certificates of deposit which are insured.

The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds and reports investments at fair value.

]	Fair Value	Credit Risk	Maturities
Money Market Mutual Funds - First American				Weighted average of the
Government Obligation Fund CL Y	\$	665,999	S&P AAAm	fund portfolio: 24 days
				Weighted average of the
US Bank N/A Open Monthly Commercial Paper		5,693,968	S&P A-1+	Open ended
	\$	6,359,967		

Credit Risk:

Florida Statutes require the money market mutual funds held by the District to have the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

Interest Rate Risk:

Florida Statutes state that the investment portfolio be structured in such manner as to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. All holdings are currently invested to meet current obligations.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the District's investments are with one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk:

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2023, the District is exempt from this requirement.

Fair Value Measurement - When applicable, the District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established in accordance with GASB Statements. The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk: (continued)

These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, in order of highest priority, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical investments in active markets that the District has the ability to access;
- Level 2: Investments whose inputs other than quoted market prices are observable either directly or indirectly; and,
- Level 3: Investments whose inputs are unobservable.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used should maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and land improvements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by utilizing the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 7-39 years
Infrastructure 20-40 years
Machinery and equipment 5-10 years

Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the Bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position reports, as applicable, a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. For example, the District would record deferred outflows of resources related to debit amounts resulting from current and advance refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt (i.e. when there are differences between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt).

The statement of net position reports, as applicable, a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For example, when an asset is recorded in the governmental fund financial statements, but the revenue is not available, the District reports a deferred inflow of resources until such times as the revenue becomes available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Management Company

The District has contracted with a management company to perform management advisory services, which include financial and accounting advisory services. Certain employees of the management company also serve as officers (Board appointed non-voting positions) of the District. Under the agreement, the District compensates the management company for management, accounting, financial reporting, and other administrative costs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE B - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget. Annual Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a) Each year the District Manager submits to the District Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- b) Public hearings are conducted to obtain public comments.
- c) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted by the District Board.
- d) All budget changes must be approved by the District Board.
- e) The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- f) Unused appropriation for annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

NOTE C – ASSET PURCHASE

On August 10, 2017, the District entered into an asset purchase agreement with Tradition Irrigation Company, LLC. As a result the District created an enterprise fund to account for the transactions of the irrigation system. As part of the agreement the District services the developments known as Tradition and Southern Groves, supplying quality water service under a Franchise Agreement with the City of Port St. Lucie, Florida. The District issued \$6,095,000 in Irrigation System Revenue Bonds in order to finance the purchase. The District received \$5,051,151 in capital assets including \$580,183 in land.

NOTE D - RESTRICTED ACCOUNTS

At September 30, 2023, the District reported the following restricted asset accounts:

	Enterprise		
	Funds		
Investments			
Reserve account - bond compliance	\$	371,025	
Interest account - bond compliance		127,300	
Sinking fund - bond compliance		149,850	
Maintenance reserve - bond compliance		17,824	
Total restricted investments		665,999	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE E – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	October 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	September 30, 2023
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and improvements	\$ 13,639,574	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,639,574
Construction in progress	5,064,349	181,399		5,245,748
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	18,703,923	181,399		18,885,322
Capital assets, being depreciated Infrastructure	25,692,842	-	-	25,692,842
Improvements other than buildings	25,122,498			25,122,498
Total capital assets, being depreciated	50,815,340			50,815,340
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure Improvements other	12,708,940	867,534	-	13,576,474
than buildings	21,826,712	574,214	-	22,400,926
Total accumulated depreciation	34,535,652	1,441,748	-	35,977,400
Total capital assets, being depreciated - net	16,279,688	(1,441,748)		14,837,940
Governmental activities capital assets - net	\$ 34,983,611	\$ (1,260,349)	\$ -	\$ 33,723,262

Depreciation expense recorded in governmental activities was \$1,441,748 for 2023.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE E – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

A summary of changes on proprietary fixed assets follows:

	October 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	September 30, 2023
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 580,183	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 580,183
Construction in progress	-			
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	580,183			580,183
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Plant	1,705,146	-	-	1,705,146
Equipment & furniture	544,458	-	-	544,458
Infrastructure	2,220,365			2,220,365
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	4,469,969			4,469,969
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Plant	292,288	56,838	-	349,126
Equipment & furniture	137,919	22,162	-	160,081
Infrastructure	285,453	55,509		340,962
Total accumulated depreciation	715,660	134,509		850,169
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated - net	3,754,309	(134,509)		3,619,800
Governmental activities capital				
assets - net	\$ 4,334,492	\$ (134,509)	\$ -	\$ 4,199,983

Depreciation expense recorded in business-type activities was \$134,509 for 2023.

NOTE F – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Governmental Activities Debt

<u>\$53,170,000</u> Special Assessment Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 — On April 9, 2014, the District issued \$53,170,000 Special Assessment Refunding Bonds, Series 2014. The Bonds are payable in annual principal installments through May 2035. The bond bears interest ranging from 2.0% to 4.5% payable semi-annually on the first day of each May and November. Principal is due serially each May 1, commencing May 2015. The bonds are collateralized through pledged liens on approximately 3,100 acres of residential and commercial land.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE F – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term obligations for the year ended September 30, 2023:

	Beginning				Ending	Due Within	
	Balance	Additions		Reductions	Balance	(One Year
Special Assessment							
Refunding Bonds, Series							
2014	\$ 37,390,000	\$		\$ 2,280,000	\$35,110,000	\$	2,335,000
	37,390,000		-	2,280,000	35,110,000		
Unamortized bond premium	164,636		-	9,792	154,844		_
	\$ 37,554,636	\$	-	\$ 2,289,792	\$35,264,844	\$	_

The debt service requirements for the long-term obligations is as follows:

September 30,	 Principal		Interest		 Total
2024	\$ 2,335,000		\$	1,479,231	\$ 3,814,231
2025	2,430,000			1,385,831	3,815,831
2026	2,530,000			1,288,631	3,818,631
2027	2,635,000			1,187,431	3,822,431
2028	2,740,000			1,082,031	3,822,031
2029-2033	15,535,000			3,636,831	19,171,831
2034-2035	 6,905,000			479,476	 7,384,476
	\$ 35,110,000		\$	10,539,462	\$ 45,649,462

Business-Type Activities Debt

<u>\$6,095,000 Irrigation System Revenue Bonds (Existing System), Series 2017</u> – On August 1, 2017, the District issued \$6,095,000 Irrigation System Revenue Bonds (Existing System), Series 2017. The Bonds are payable in annual principal installments through October 2047. The bond bears interest ranging from 4.0% to 4.5% payable semi-annually on the first day of each April and October. Principal is due serially each October 1, commencing October 2018.

Note Payable

The District is obligated under a settlement agreement with the City of Port St. Lucie, to make quarterly payments of \$10,421 (bearing no interest) through October 2024.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023

NOTE F – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities Debt (continued)

The following is a summary of transactions of long-term obligations in the enterprise fund for the year ended September 30, 2023:

	Beginning Balance	Δd	ditions	R.	eductions	Ending Balance	ue Within one Year
Imigation System Davanua	Dalance	710	ditions	100	ductions	Баштес	 Tic T car
Irrigation System Revenue							
Bonds (Existing System),							
Series 2017	\$ 5,660,000	\$	-	\$	120,000	\$ 5,540,000	\$ 125,000
Note Payable	93,787		-		41,684	52,103	41,684
	\$ 5,753,787	\$	-	\$	161,684	\$ 5,592,103	\$ 166,684

The debt service requirements for the long-term obligations is as follows:

September 30,	Principal			Interest	 Total		
2024	\$	166,684	\$	243,425	\$ 410,109		
2025		140,419		238,325	378,744		
2026	135,000		135,000 233,025		233,025	368,025	
2027		140,000		227,525	367,525		
2028		145,000		221,825	366,825		
2029-2033		845,000		1,002,938	1,847,938		
2034-2038		1,050,000		790,875	1,840,875		
2039-2043		1,320,000		525,375	1,845,375		
2044-2048		1,650,000		192,375	 1,842,375		
	\$	5,592,103	\$	3,675,688	\$ 9,267,791		

NOTE G - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and environmental remediation. The District has obtained commercial insurance from independent third parties to mitigate the costs of these risks; coverage may not extend to all situations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage over the past three years.

NOTE H – DEPENDENCY ON SUPPORT

The District receives the majority of its funding from local tax revenue. A reduction in the level of advances would have a substantial effect on the District's projects and activities.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

Year Ended September 30, 2023

	ORIGINAL FINAI			FINAL			VARIANCE FA VORA BLE		
	BUDGET		BUDGET		ACTUAL		(UNFAVORABLE)		
REVENUE								<u> </u>	
Stormwater fees	\$	11,339	\$	13,395	\$	13,395	\$	-	
On-roll assessments		42,487		28,716		309,660		280,944	
Developer contributions		-		-		1,381,680		1,381,680	
Other income		-		30,446		220,923		190,477	
Interest income				2,143		10,748		8,605	
TOTAL REVENUES		53,826		74,700	1,936,406			1,861,706	
EXPENDITURES									
Administrative		17,110		18,799		32,040		(13,241)	
Maintenance		36,716		41,117		230,959		(189,842)	
Capital outlay		_				181,399		(181,399)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		53,826		59,916		444,398		(384,482)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		14,784		1,492,008		1,477,224	
Surplus/(Deficit) (Notes to RSI)				(14,784)				(14,784)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,492,008	\$	1,462,440	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The District is required to establish a budgetary system and an approved Annual Budget for the general fund. The District's budgeting process is based on estimates of cash receipts and cash expenditures which are approved by the Board. The budget approximates a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (generally accepted accounting principles).

An operating budget was adopted and maintained by the governing board for the District pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in preparation of the fund financial statements. The legal level of budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not exceed budget, is in the aggregate. Any budget amendments that increase the aggregate budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Actual general fund expenditures exceeded appropriations for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

The variance between budgeted and actual general fund revenues is considered significant. The actual general fund expenditures for the current fiscal year were higher than budgeted amounts due primarily to costs being higher than anticipated.



DIBARTOLOMEO, McBEE, HARTLEY & BARNES, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Tradition Community Development District 1 Port St. Lucie, Florida

We have audited in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Tradition Community Development District 1, as of September 30, 2023 and for the year ended, which collectively comprise the Tradition Community Development District 1's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

DiBartolomeo, U:Bu, Hartly: Barres

DiBartolomeo, McBee, Hartley & Barnes, P.A.

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 21, 2024



DIBARTOLOMEO, MCBEE, HARTLEY & BARNES, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES, REQUIRED BY RULE 10.556(10) OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Board of Directors Tradition Community Development District 1 Port St. Lucie, Florida

We have examined the District's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes with regards to the District's investments during the year ended September 30, 2023. Management is responsible for the District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2023.

DiBartolomes, MiBe, Hartly & Barres

DiBartolomeo, McBee Hartley & Barnes, P.A. Fort Pierce, Florida June 21, 2024

DMHB

DIBARTOLOMEO, McBEE, HARTLEY & BARNES, P.A.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Management Letter

Board of Directors Tradition Community Development District 1 Port St. Lucie, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Tradition Community Development District 1 ("District") as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, and have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2024.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with AICPA Professional Standards, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those report, which are dated June 21, 2024, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual audit.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The information required is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Specific Information

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)6, Rules of the Auditor General, the Tradition Community Development District 1 reported:

- a. The total number of district employees compensated in the last pay period of the District's fiscal year as N/A.
- b. The total number of independent contractors to whom nonemployee compensation was paid in the last month of the district's fiscal year as 11.
- c. All compensation earned by or awarded to employees, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as N/A.
- d. All compensation earned by or awarded to nonemployee independent contractors, whether paid or accrued, regardless of contingency as \$552,362.
- e. The District does not have any construction projects with a total cost of at least \$65,000 that are scheduled to begin on or after October 1 of the fiscal year being reported.
- f. The District amended its final adopted budget under Section 189.016(6), Florida Statutes, as included on page 29.

As required by Section 218.39(3)(c), Florida Statutes, and Section 10.554(1)(i)7, Rules of the Auditor General, the Tradition Community Development District 1 reported:

- a. The rate or rates of non-ad valorem special assessments imposed by the District range from \$559 to \$1,322 per residential unit.
- b. The total amount of special assessments collected by or on behalf of the District as \$4,286,237.
- c. The total amount of outstanding bonds issued by the district as \$40,650,000.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

DiBartolomeo, M. Bu, Hartly & Barres. P.A.

Fort Pierce, Florida

June 21, 2024